Identification of Easily Confused Species of Chinese Materia Medica in Hong Kong by Macroscopic and Microscopic Characteristics Project

## Herba Schizonepetae versus Schizonepetae Spica





#### Source

\*Herba Schizonepetae is the dried aerial part of Schizonepeta tenuifolia Briq. in the family Labiatae Schizonepetae Spica is the dried fruit-spike of *Schizonepeta tenuifolia* Briq. in the family Labiatae

#### **Overview**

Herba Schizonepetae has been listed in Schedule 2 of the Chinese Medicine Ordinance and Chinese Pharmacopoeia (2020), while Schizonepetae Spica has only been listed in the Chinese Pharmacopoeia. Both Chinese Materia Medica (CMM) are originated from the same plant, however, their medicinal parts differ, thus, their Chinese names only differ by one character. Herba Schizonepetae are the parts above ground, including the stems, leaves and spike; while Schizonepetae Spica is the spike. According to the *Modern Chinese Materia Medica*, both CMM have the function of releasing exterior and wind dispersing, and outthrust rashes, however, the dispersing properties of Schizonepetae Spica is relatively strong. Research have shown that the volatile oil content varies between different parts of the plant, and the content at the spike is significantly higher than that of the stem. As the function and chemical compositions vary between these two CMM, they should be used accordingly.

#### **Key identification features**

### Macroscopic features of Herba Schizonepetae decoction pieces $\checkmark$

igstarrow Irregular sections





Verticillaster, in spike

Campanulate calyx tube is 5-lobed at the apex and has green, yellowish-green or yellowish-brown surface Elliptical and brownish-black nutlet

Yellowish-green or yellowish-brown leaf is mostly fallen off and broken

Whitish cut surface of stem Square-cylindrical, light yellowish-green, light purplish-red or yellowish-brown surface is covered with short pubescences Some with opposite branches observable

1 cm ♦ Aromatic

#### 5 mm

5 mm

#### **Micro-morphological feature**

A: All covered with non-glandular hairs( $\rightarrow$ ) and glandular scales( $\rightarrow$ ). Glandular scale is denser on inflorescence and fragment of the leaf, while occasionally observable on the stem



# Accroscopic features of Schizonepetae Spice • Cylindrical inflorescence with slender peduncle Verticillaster, in spike Verticillaster, in spike Campanulate calyx tube is 5-lobed at the apex and has green, yellowishgreen or yellowish-brown surface Elliptical and brownish-black nutlet

◆ Aromatic, relatively strong



#### Microscopic feature comparison of Herba Schizonepetae decoction pieces and Schizonepetae Spica powder



a. features under bright field; b. features under polarized light

#### Summary

Major differences in the features between Herba Schizonepetae decoction pieces and Schizonepetae Spica:

		Herba Schizonepetae decoction pieces	Schizonepetae Spica
Macroscopic and micro-morphological features	Appearance	Irregular sections	Cylindrical inflorescence
	Stem	Square-cylindrical	Absent
	Surface	All covered with non-glandular hairs and glandular scales. Glandular scale is occasionally observable on the stem	Covered with non- glandular hairs and glandular scales
Microscopic features	Epidermal cell of stem	Present	Absent
	Fibre	Numerous	Barely found
	Glandular scale	Barely found	Frequently found

For more information, please refer to the Hong Kong Chinese Materia Medica

Standards website:



Schizonepetae Spica - Hong Kong Chinese Materia Medica Standards (Volume 4)

#### **Additional information**

#### Photo of crude Herba Schizonepetae



Government Chinese Medicines Testing InstituteDepartment of HealthEnquiry Hotline: 3188 8079Website: www.cmro.gov.hk

The information in this pamphlet may be re-disseminated or reproduced, provided that the Government Chinese Medicines Testing Institute (GCMTI), as the source of information, is acknowledged and that the re-dissemination or reproduction is for non-commercial use. Any other reproduction, adaptation, distribution, dissemination or making available of the information in this pamphlet for commercial use is strictly prohibited unless prior written authorization is obtained from the GCMTI.