

Property
and flavour

Cool; sweet and astringent

Meridian
affinity

Large intestine, small intestine and bladder meridians

To clear heat and disinhibit urine; to resolve swelling

Note:

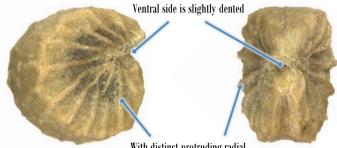
Actions

<sup>\*</sup> Its name in Chinese Pharmacopoeia (2020 Edition) is "Malvae Fructus".

# Micro-morphological features

# Shape

### Citrus segment-shaped mericarp



Lateral view

With distinct protruding radial stripes started from the slightly dented area on both sides

Ventral view



With 1 slightly protruding ridge in the middle of the dorsal side

**Dorsal** view

Mericarp

0.5 mm

1 seed in the shape of citrus-segment reniform or reniform is visible after removing the pericarp





Lateral view

With strophiole on one side of the hilum, partially covering the hilum



Seed

0.5 mm

## Surface

Mericarp is yellowish-white or light yellowish-brown, pericarp near the centre is usually relatively thin (→)





0.5 mm

Seed is slightly rough, blackish-brown or brown, area near the hilum and the strophiole (→) is yellowish-brown







Surface view

Ventral view

0.5 mm

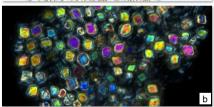
# Powder microscopic features

## Crystal

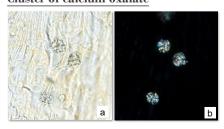
### Prism of calcium oxalate



Usually present in groups in mesocarp cell; polychromatic under polarized light microscope



### Cluster of calcium oxalate



Barely found, scattered or present in parenchymatous cell; polychromatic under polarized light microscope

a. features under bright field; b. features under polarized light

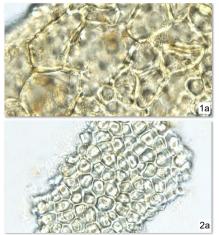
## Pericarp

### Exocarp cell



Appears polygonal or sub-polygonal in surface view, with slightly thick wall

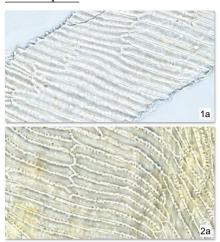
### Mesocarp cell



With slightly thick wall; cells at the outer side (1) are relatively large, appear sub-rounded, sub-polygonal or irregular in surface view, loosely arranged; cells at the innermost layer are (2) relatively small, appear polygonal in surface view, tightly arranged, contain 1 prism of calcium oxalate

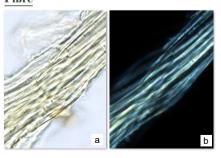
a. features under bright field; b. features under polarized light

### Endocarp cell



Appears long strip-shaped or subrectangular in surface view, with thin or slightly thick wall, anticlinal wall is straight (1) or beaded (2)

## Fibre



Usually in bundles, wall is slightly thick, with sparse pils and pit canals; bright white, orange-yellow or polychromatic under polarized light microscope

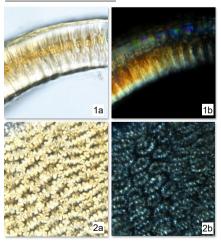
#### Testa

### Epidermal cell of testa



Appears sub-rectangular or sub-polygonal in surface view, some anticlinal walls have dotted thickening  $(\longrightarrow)$ 

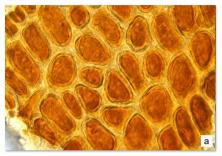
#### Palisade cell of testa



Rectangular cells occur in 1 row in lateral view (1), lumen is located in the centre; polychromatic under polarized light microscope. Appears polygonal or sub-polygonal in surface view (2), irregular lumen is visible; bright white or orange-yellow under polarized light microscope

a. features under bright field; b. features under polarized light

### Pigment cell



With slightly thick wall and indistinct cell boundary, contains yellowish-brown or reddish-brown masses

#### Endotesta cell



Appears sub-polygonal in surface view, with irregularly thickened anticlinal wall, contains yellowishbrown substances

Fructus Malvae

## **Key identification features**

## Micro-morphology

- Citrus segment-shaped mericarp, with radial stripes on both sides
- 1 seed in the shape of citrus-segment reniform or reniform is visible after removing the pericarp

### Powder microscopy

- Prism of calcium oxalate: usually present in groups in mesocarp cell
- Endocarp cell: appears long strip-shaped or sub-rectangular in surface view, anticlinal wall is straight or beaded
- Palisade cell of testa: cells occur in 1 row in lateral view, irregular lumen is visible in surface view

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